

FACT SHEET

U.S.-Panama Trade Promotion Agreement Iowa Farmers Will Benefit

September 2008

The U.S.-Panama Trade Promotion Agreement eliminates tariffs and other barriers on most U.S. goods, increasing export opportunities for agricultural products important to Iowa. With immediate elimination of duties on over 60 percent of current U.S. trade, this agreement changes the one-way street of duty-free access currently enjoyed by most Panamanian exports into a two-way street benefiting both countries. The American Farm Bureau strongly supports the agreement, predicting widespread gains for U.S. agriculture exceeding \$190 million per year.

Iowa's exports to all countries, estimated at \$5.2 billion in 2007, supported about 49,900 jobs, on and off the farm. These export sales make an important contribution to the Iowa farm economy which had total cash receipts of \$19 billion in 2007.

Pork. Hogs were the second largest source of state farm cash receipts at \$4.3 billion in 2007, accounting for nearly a third of the state's total. The state is also the nation's largest exporter of live animals and meat. Iowa's pork producers will benefit from this agreement.

- Panama will provide immediate duty-free access within preferential tariff-rate quotas (TRQs) for 2,554 tons of U.S. pork products, including 1,600 tons of fresh and frozen pork cuts, 636 tons of pork fat and bacon, and 318 tons of processed pork. Most of these products currently face tariffs of 70 percent. The TRQ quantities will expand and the over-quota tariffs will be eliminated in 15 years.
- Panama will also eliminate its 10-percent tariff on pork variety meats immediately on entry into force of the Agreement.
- In addition, Panama has already implemented our December 2006 bilateral agreement on sanitary and phytosanitary (SPS) measures by recognizing the equivalence of the U.S. meat inspection system, allowing U.S. inspectors to certify pork for export to Panama without having each facility and shipment inspected by Panamanian authorities.
- The National Pork Producers Council supports the Agreement, saying "This agreement will contribute greatly to the bottom line of U.S. pork producers by opening up new market access to more than 3 million additional consumers in the Western Hemisphere."

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Feed Grains. Iowa is a major corn producer with cash receipts of \$5.3 billion in 2007, and the largest exporter of feed grains and products at \$1.9 billion in 2007. Iowa corn producers will benefit from this agreement.

- Panama will provide immediate duty-free access within a TRQ for 298,700 tons
 of U.S. corn that will grow at a rate of 3 percent each year. The 40-percent overquota tariff will be eliminated in 15 years.
- The current zero-tariff treatment for crude corn oil will be locked in place immediately and Panama will provide immediate duty-free access for refined corn oil within a 368-ton TRQ that grows each year by 5 percent. The 30-percent over-quota tariff will be phased out within 10 years.

Soybeans and Products. Panama is the twelfth largest export market for U.S. soybean meal with exports for the most recent three years averaging 109,000 tons valued at \$24.7 million. As a top producer of soybeans and the leading exporter of soybeans and products overseas, Iowa's soybean producers benefit from this agreement.

- Panama's current zero-tariff treatment for soybeans and soybean meal will be locked in place immediately upon implementation of the Agreement.
- The current zero-tariff treatment for crude soybean oil will also be locked in place immediately, while the 20-percent tariff on refined soybean oil will be phased out in 15 years.

Beef. Iowa's cattle and calf industry will benefit from the Panama agreement as the state's fourth largest source of farm cash receipts at \$2.7 billion in 2007.

- Panama will immediately eliminate its 30-percent duty on beef products of most importance to the U.S. beef industry--prime and choice cuts. Panama's tariffs on other cuts of beef will be phased out over 15.
- The 10-percent tariff on beef tongues and livers will be eliminated in 5 years, and the 15-percent tariffs on other edible offal will be eliminated immediately.
- Panama has already implemented our December 2006 bilateral agreement on SPS
 measures, reopening its market to U.S. beef by bringing its import requirements
 related to BSE into compliance with international standards.
- Panama also accepted the equivalence of the U.S. meat inspection system, which allows U.S. inspectors to certify beef for export to Panama without having each facility and shipment inspected by Panamanian authorities.

Dairy Products. Iowa's dairy industry is the state's sixth largest source of state farm cash receipts at \$810 million in 2007. Dairy producers stand to profit from the FTA with Panama FTA.

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- U.S. exporters will have immediate duty-free access to nine preferential dairy TRQs with a combined total of 3,986 tons. These include 2,625 tons of skim milk powder, 728 tons of cheese, 263 tons of ice cream, and 370 tons of other dairy products. These quantities will grow by 4 or 5 percent each year and the overquota tariffs for these TRQs, which range from 15 percent for ice cream to 50 percent for milk powders, will be phased out in 15 to 17 years.
- U.S. dairy exporters will continue to have access to the global TRQs for 3,830 tons of milk powder and 3,782 tons of cheese that are part of Panama's World Trade Organization commitments.
- Panama will eliminate its 30-percent tariff on dried whey products immediately. The tariffs on most other dairy products, which currently face duties as high as 140 percent, will be phased out over 15 years.
- In addition, Panama has already implemented our December 2006 bilateral
 agreement on SPS measures and technical standards by recognizing the
 equivalence of the U.S. food safety systems for processed foods, including dairy
 products, and by streamlining its product registration system for packaged foods.
 This will allow U.S. food processors to export dairy products to Panama without
 burdensome paper work and without having each facility and shipment inspected
 by Panamanian authorities.
- The National Milk Producers Association supports the Agreement, noting that "Panama imports nearly half its dairy products, and the U.S. stands to become a larger supplier once the FTA is finalized."

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